## GLASS BALLS

## SODA-LIME GLASS

Resistant to high alkaline solutions. Soda-lime glass balls are mainly used for applications not subjected to strong mechanical or thermal shocks, such as plastic bearings, measurement and control equipment, instruments and ink cartridges.

## BOROSILICATE GLASS

Due to its excellent chemical inertia to most acids, this kind of glass is particularly suitable for metering pumps and valves against strong oxidising concentrations.

| CHEMICAL COMPOSITION\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MATERIAL | SiO2 \% | Na 2 O \% | CaO \% | Al2O3 \% | MgO \% | Li2O \% |
| Soda-lime glass | 63-81 | 9-15 | 7-14 | 2 max | 6 max | 2 max |
| Borosilicate glass | 65-85 | 3-9 | 2,5 max | 1-5 | - | - |


| PROPERTIES | SODA-LIMIE <br> GLASS | BOROSILICATE <br> GLASS |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific weight | 2.50 | 2.23 |  |
| Hardness (KNOOP-KHN) | 465 | 418 |  |
| Melting point ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 695 | 820 |  |
|  | MAX TEMP ERATURE USE(MECHANICAL) |  |  |
| Normal ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 110 | 230 |  |
| Extreme ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 460 | 490 |  |
| Resistance to thermal stress | $17^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $53^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |

